

## CLAIMS:

1. A vehicular lamp comprising a lamp chamber, which is defined by a lamp body and a front cover, and a light guide, which emits light at a plurality of locations thereof by guiding, by internal reflection, light emitted from an LED that is a light source of said vehicular lamp, wherein:

the light guide is constructed of a coupling unit in which a plurality of light guiding members, each one of the light guiding members being formed with an elliptical surface having a pair of focal points, are coupled in series at coupling portions so that the light guiding members share one of the focal points with each other at each one of the coupling portions; and

a light-emitting portion of the LED is provided near at least one of the focal points at both ends of the coupling unit.

2. The vehicular lamp according to claim 1, wherein each one of both ends of the coupling unit is provided with the LED.

3. The vehicular lamp according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said each one of the light guiding members is comprised of one of elliptical bodies selected from an elliptical body that has a single elliptical surface on an entire outer surface thereof and a semi-elliptical body that is made by dividing the elliptical body longitudinally along a major axis thereof, said each one of the light guiding members being provided such that an elliptical surface thereof faces the front cover; and

one of the light guiding members that faces the light-emitting portion of the LED is provided such that a major axis of said each of the light guiding members substantially coincides with an optical axis x of the light-emitting portion of the LED.

4. The vehicular lamp according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the coupling unit is an integrally molded resin unit.

5. The vehicular lamp according to claim 3, wherein the coupling unit is an integrally molded resin unit.

6. The vehicular lamp according to claim 1 or 2, wherein

each one of the light guiding members is provided with a recessed portion at one end thereof and a protruded portion at another end thereof so as to be aligned with the recessed portion, and

the protruded portion of one light guiding member is engaged with the recessed portion of another light guiding member so as to couple the light guiding members with each other.

7. The vehicular lamp according to claim 3, wherein

each one of the light guiding members is provided with a recessed portion at one end thereof and a protruded portion at another end thereof so as to be aligned with the recessed portion, and

the protruded portion of one light guiding member is engaged with the recessed portion of another light guiding member so as to couple the light guiding members with each other.

8. A vehicular lamp comprising a lamp chamber, which is defined by a lamp body and a front cover, and a light guide, which emits light at a plurality of locations thereof by guiding, by internal reflection, light emitted from an LED that is a light source of said vehicular lamp, wherein:

the light guide is constructed of a coupling unit in which a plurality of light guiding members, a surface of each one of the light guiding members being formed with an elliptical surface having a pair of focal points, are coupled and integrated in a radial form at a coupling portion so that the light guiding members share one of the focal points with each other at the coupling portion; and

a light-emitting portion of the LED is provided near the shared focal points located behind the LED.

9. The vehicular lamp according to claim 1 or 2, wherein

said each one of the light guiding members is comprised of one of elliptical bodies selected from an elliptical body that has a single elliptical surface on an entire outer surface thereof and a semi-elliptical body that is made by dividing the elliptical body longitudinally along a major axis thereof, said each one of the light guiding members being provided such that an elliptical surface thereof faces the front cover; and

and the LED behind a central portion of the coupling unit is provided such that an optical axis  $x$  of the light-emitting portion of the LED is orthogonal to the coupling unit.